

Question Booklet No.

Question Booklet Series :

A

AUAT — 2024
2-Year M. A. in Islamic Studies (P09)
(TEST BASED ON MCQ)

Full Marks : 100

Duration : 2 Hours

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Candidates should read the below instructions carefully and follow them accordingly.

1. The Question Booklet has paper seal pasted on it. Please do **NOT** open the Question Booklet until you are asked to do so by the Invigilator.
2. The candidates must check immediately after breaking the seal that the Question Booklet contains **100 Multiple Choice Questions** in two parts (Part—I and Part—II).
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5. **OMR Answer Sheet** will be processed by electronic means. Any untoward/irrelevant remarks, folding or putting stray notes on the answer sheet, any damage to the answer sheet will lead to the rejection of the same and the sole liability shall remain with the candidate.
6. Rough Work may be done at the end of the Question Booklet.
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PART—I
(Core Subject)

- | | |
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| <p>1. The Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) trained pious Muslims and organized a society having</p> <p>[A] social justice</p> <p>[B] peace and pleasure</p> <p>[C] moral and spiritual values</p> <p>[D] All of the above</p> <p>2. Word Zakat occurs in the Holy <i>Quran</i> for how many times?</p> <p>[A] 33</p> <p>[B] 35</p> <p>[C] 30</p> <p>[D] 32</p> <p>3. Hazrat Abu Bakr (R.A) got the <i>Quran</i> compiled on the advice of</p> <p>[A] Hazrat Umar (R.A)</p> <p>[B] Hazrat Uthman (R.A)</p> <p>[C] Hazrat Ali (R.A)</p> <p>[D] Hazrat Zaid (R.A)</p> <p>4. The book of Hadith <i>Al-Muwatta</i> was compiled by</p> <p>[A] Imam Abū Ḥanīfa (R.A)</p> <p>[B] Imam Shafi'i (R.A)</p> <p>[C] Imam Ahmad bin Hanbal (R.A)</p> <p>[D] Imam Malik (R.A)</p> | <p>5. What was the name of Imam Bukhari (R.A)?</p> <p>[A] Muḥammad bin Ismā'īl</p> <p>[B] Muhammad Ismaeel</p> <p>[C] Muhammad Ibraheem</p> <p>[D] Ismaeel bin Ibraheem</p> <p>6. Which collection of Hadith is known for its focus on legal rulings and is organized by jurisprudential topics?</p> <p>[A] Sunan Ibn Majah</p> <p>[B] Sunan al-Tirmidhi</p> <p>[C] Sunan Abi Dawud</p> <p>[D] Sunan al-Nasa'i</p> <p>7. Which companion of the Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) is known for transmitting a large number of Hadith?</p> <p>[A] Hadrat Abu Bakr</p> <p>[B] Hadrat Umar ibn al-Khattab</p> <p>[C] Hadrat Abu Hurairah</p> <p>[D] Hadrat Aisha</p> <p>8. The first systematic work on the principle of fiqh was written by</p> <p>[A] Ibn Hanbal</p> <p>[B] Al-Shafi'i</p> <p>[C] Abū Ḥanīfah</p> <p>[D] Abu Yusuf</p> |
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9. The first Wahy revealed to Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) highlights the significance of

- [A] Polity
- [B] Literacy
- [C] Economy
- [D] Marriage

10. Ibn Kathir was a

- [A] Muffasir
- [B] Jurist
- [C] Muta Kalim
- [D] Philosopher

11. Persia was conquered during the caliphate of

- [A] Hadrat Abu Bakr (R.A.)
- [B] Hadrat Umar (R.A.)
- [C] Hadrat Uthman (R.A.)
- [D] Hadrat Ali (R.A.)

12. The most appropriate word for khandaq is

- [A] Trench
- [B] Tunnel
- [C] Canal
- [D] Battle

13. The founder of Chistiya Silsila of Sufis is

- [A] Muin ud Din
- [B] Abu Ishaq
- [C] Muhy-ud Din
- [D] Mukharrami

14. In Sufism, the term 'Wali' signifies

- [A] Friend of Allah
- [B] Successor
- [C] A chain
- [D] None of the above

15. *Tahāfut al-Falāfsifah* was written by

- [A] al-Kindi
- [B] Al-Ghazali
- [C] Ibn Rushd
- [D] al-Razi

16. Which of the following Sufi saints belonged to the Chishti sect?

- [A] Sadruddin Arif
- [B] Sharfuddin Yahya Maneri
- [C] Nizamuddin Auliya
- [D] Mohammed Ghaus

17. Sufism, the liberal and mystic movement of Islam, reached India in which century?

- [A] 11th
- [B] 12th
- [C] 13th
- [D] 14th

18. Rashidun Caliphate lasted for ____ years.

- [A] 20
- [B] 30
- [C] 40
- [D] 50

19. Imam Shafi'i was born in

- [A] Gaza
- [B] Isfahan
- [C] Amman
- [D] Cairo

20. Caliph al Mamun was the supporter of

- [A] Mu'tazilite
- [B] Salafism
- [C] Khawarijiya
- [D] Batiniyya

21. Hilf al-Fudul was meant to

- [A] redress the grievances of the aggrieved persons
- [B] coordinate members of the Arab tribes
- [C] a peace committee at Madinah
- [D] a creation of Prophet Muhammad (PBUH)

22. The state founded by the Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) at Madinah was of

- [A] autocratic nature
- [B] monarchic nature
- [C] pluralistic nature
- [D] socialistic character

23. To understand the *Quran* in the light of Hadith is

- [A] an important principle of Tafsir
- [B] to produce Tafsir of ordinary importance
- [C] to produce a rational Tafsir
- [D] to reject modern Muslim tafsir writing

24. The Movement of Muhammad ibn Abdul Wahhab was essentially

- [A] Wahhabism
- [B] a movement of Tawhid
- [C] a new sect
- [D] a movement against the British

25. Al-Ikhwān al Muslimūn as an Islamic movement of Egypt represents

- [A] war against the West
- [B] a comprehensive Islamic reform programme
- [C] an extremist agenda
- [D] non-democratic revolution

26. Aligarh school focused more on modern education among Indian Muslims because

- [A] they had become fanatics
- [B] they had to be modernized
- [C] they had to fight against the British
- [D] it was thought as a mean to overcome their social and educational backwardness

27. The first few verses of Surah Al-'Alaq refer to the importance of various aspects of

- [A] education
- [B] economy
- [C] illiteracy
- [D] worship

28. Maulana Ilyas is regarded as the founder of

- [A] Jamaat-e-Islami
- [B] Tablighi Jamaat
- [C] Anjuman-i-Tabligh-i-Islam
- [D] Anjuman-i-Tabligh

29. Jamaat-e-Islami Hind was formally launched in the year

- [A] 1944
- [B] 1948
- [C] 1914
- [D] 1945

30. Sanusiyyah Movement was originally founded in

- [A] Turkey
- [B] Iraq
- [C] Libya
- [D] Iran

31. Wasil ibn Ata was the originator of

- [A] Shiism
- [B] Khawarijia
- [C] Mu'tazilite
- [D] Sufism

32. *Tafhim-ul- Qur'ān* was written by

- [A] Abul A'lā Mawdūdī
- [B] Abul Kalam Azad
- [C] Ahmad Sirhindi
- [D] Shah Waliullah

33. Al Ihsan, the perfect form of Islamic spirituality, is related with

- [A] Music
- [B] Philosophy
- [C] Mysticism
- [D] Materialism

34. Khilafah means

- [A] Monarchy
- [B] Regency
- [C] Democracy
- [D] Vicegerency

35. Who among the Khulafa-e-Rashideens was **not** assassinated (Martyred)?

- [A] Hadrat Abu Bakr (R.A.)
- [B] Hadrat Umar (R.A.)
- [C] Hadrat Uthman (R.A.)
- [D] Hadrat Ali (R.A.)

36. *Hujjat Allah al-Baligha* is authored by

- [A] Jamal-ud-din Afghani
- [B] Shah Waliullah
- [C] Mualana Azad
- [D] Sir Syed Ahmad

37. Tablighi Jamaat was originated from

- [A] Lucknow and Calcutta
- [B] Delhi and Mewat
- [C] Agra and Delhi
- [D] Hyderabad and Bhopal

38. The word Sufi is derived from Suf which means

- [A] Piety
- [B] Wool
- [C] Sabr
- [D] Zuhd

39. Identify proper order of sources of Islamic Jurisprudence.

- [A] Quran, Ijma, Hadith, Qiyas
- [B] Quran, Qiyas, Hadith, Ijma
- [C] Quran, Hadith, Ijma, Qiyas
- [D] Quran, Hadith, Qiyas, Ijma

40. In Islam, legal matters are part of

- [A] Fikr
- [B] Zikr
- [C] Sharia
- [D] Taharat

41. The founder of Muslim rule in Spain was among

- [A] Umayyads
- [B] Abbasids
- [C] Ottomans
- [D] Seljuqs

42. The concept of Akhlaq stands for

- [A] Philosophy
- [B] Tasawwuf
- [C] Ilm al-Kalam
- [D] Ethics

43. Who among the following is the foremost Mufasssir?

- [A] Ibn-e-Kathir
- [B] al-Zamakhshari
- [C] Razi
- [D] Tabari

44. Maulana Nanawtawi is regarded as the founder of

- [A] Nadwatul Ulama
- [B] Darul Uloom Deoband
- [C] Anwar al Uloom
- [D] Madrasah Darushifa

45. The Dome of Rock was built by

- [A] Abdal Malik
- [B] Al-Waleed
- [C] Haroon
- [D] Mamoon

46. Ibn Sina's book *Al-Qānūn* was a book of

- [A] Geography
- [B] History
- [C] Medicine
- [D] Law

47. The First Battle of Panipat was fought between

- [A] Muhammad Tughlaq and Ibrahim Lodi
- [B] Babar and Ibrahim Lodi
- [C] Akbar and Ibrahim Lodi
- [D] Alauddin and Humayun

48. Shah Waliullah was born in

- [A] 1700 AD
- [B] 1703 AD
- [C] 1707 AD
- [D] 1710 AD

- 49.** Jamia Azhar was founded by
- [A] Umayyads
 - [B] Abbasids
 - [C] Fatimids
 - [D] Mamluks
- 50.** The main hero of the Abbasid Revolution was
- [A] Haroon
 - [B] Abu Muslim
 - [C] Abū Ja'far al-Manṣūr
 - [D] Amin
- 51.** Hadrat Umar was assassinated in the year
- [A] 624
 - [B] 652
 - [C] 644
 - [D] 661
- 52.** Egypt was conquered during the reign of
- [A] Hadrat Umar
 - [B] Hadrat Ali
 - [C] Hadrat Usman
 - [D] Hadrat Abu Bakr
- 53.** The conqueror of Spain was
- [A] Khalid ibnal-Walid
 - [B] Muhmmad ibn al-Qasim
 - [C] Maslamah ibn Abdal-Malik
 - [D] Ṭāriq ibn Ziyād

- 54.** Halagu Khan attacked Baghdad in the year of
- [A] 1857
 - [B] 1258
 - [C] 1189
 - [D] 1454
- 55.** The Battle of Siffin was fought between
- [A] Mu'awiya and Ali
 - [B] Ali and Khawariji
 - [C] Mu'awiya and Khawariji
 - [D] Ayesha and Ali
- 56.** The concept of Pan-Islam was propounded by
- [A] Jamaluddin Afghani
 - [B] Rasheed Raza
 - [C] Hassan al Banna
 - [D] Abul A'la Mawdūdī
- 57.** Abraha belongs to
- [A] Yemen
 - [B] Bahrain
 - [C] Habsha
 - [D] Iraq
- 58.** Mother Halima belongs to which tribe?
- [A] Banu Najjar
 - [B] Banu Adi
 - [C] Banu Sa'db
 - [D] Banu Qurayza

59. Who was the first Education Minister of Independent India?

- [A] Dr. Zakir Hussain
- [B] Lala Lajpat Rai
- [C] Maulana Abul Kalam Azad
- [D] Vallabhbhai Patel

60. Kufa was the capital of

- [A] Hadrat Umar
- [B] Hadrat Mu'awiya
- [C] Hadrat Ali
- [D] Hadrat Umar bin Abdul-Aziz

61. Hadrat Moinuddin belongs to

- [A] Qadiriyya Silsila
- [B] Chishtiya Silsila
- [C] Naqshbandi Silsila
- [D] Suhrawardiyya Silsila

62. Lodi Dynasty was

- [A] Arabian
- [B] Turk
- [C] Afghan
- [D] African

63. The institution of Khilafat in Turkey was abolished in the year of

- [A] 1944 AD
- [B] 1934 AD
- [C] 1924 AD
- [D] 1914 AD

64. The first migration of Muslims was towards

- [A] Medina
- [B] Abyssinia
- [C] Syria
- [D] Egypt

65. Alhambra is situated in

- [A] Cordova
- [B] Toledo
- [C] Granada
- [D] Seville

66. Which dynasty is considered as the Golden Age of Islam having centers of learning and innovations?

- [A] Umayyad
- [B] Abbasid
- [C] Fatimid
- [D] Mamluk

67. Eid Prayer (salat al Eid) is

- [A] Farz
- [B] Sunnah
- [C] Wajib
- [D] Mustahab

68. Naqshbandi Sufi Silsilah was founded by

- [A] Shihabuddin
- [B] Bahauddin
- [C] Ali al-Hujwiri
- [D] Abdal-Wahhab

69. The tragedy of Karbala took place in the year

- [A] 675
- [B] 680
- [C] 685
- [D] 690

70. The Islamic Hijri Calendar begins with

- [A] the migration of Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) from Mecca to Madinah
- [B] the conquest of Mecca
- [C] the victory at the Battle of Badr
- [D] the first revelation

PART—II

(Islamic History and Culture, General English & General Knowledge)

71. As-salamu alaykum means
আস-সালামু আলাইকুম-এর অর্থ
[A] How are you?
[B] Peace be upon you
[C] Wish you good luck
[D] Glory be to Allah
72. Which of the following is/are **true**?
নিম্নের কোনটি/কোনগুলি সঠিক?
[A] Muhammad (PBUH) is the last Prophet of Islam
[B] Islam existed since the beginning
[C] All Prophets practiced and propagated Islam
[D] All of the above
73. The *Holy Qur'an* can be read by
'পবিত্র কুরআন' পড়তে পারেন
[A] only scholars
[B] only rich people
[C] only men
[D] everybody
74. The prayer at the evening is called
সন্ধ্যাবেলার নামাযকে বলা হয়
[A] Asr
[B] Maghrib
[C] Tahajjud
[D] None of the above
75. The number of most notable companions of Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) is
নবী মুহাম্মদ (সা.)-এর বিশেষভাবে উল্লেখযোগ্য সাহাবীর সংখ্যা হল
[A] 1
[B] 4
[C] 40
[D] 313
76. One who receives revelation in the form of message but not book is called a
বার্তা আকারে যিনি ঐশী প্রত্যাদেশ পান, অথচ গ্রন্থাকারে নয়, তিনি হলেন একজন
[A] Prophet but not messenger
[B] messenger but not Prophet
[C] Prophet as well as messenger
[D] neither Prophet nor messenger
77. The name of the second last Prophet is
দ্বিতীয় শেষ নবীর নাম হল
[A] David
[B] Moses
[C] Jesus
[D] Ahmad
78. Who is called the 'Father of Kitten'?
'ছোট বিড়ালের পিতা' কাকে বলা হয়?
[A] Abu Hurairah
[B] Abu Ubaida
[C] Talha
[D] Zubair
79. The first martyr in Islam is
ইসলামের প্রথম শহীদ হলেন
[A] Hasan
[B] Husain
[C] Sumayya
[D] Yasir
80. The meal taken for breaking the fast is called
রোযা সমাপ্ত করতে যে খাবার খাওয়া হয় তাকে বলা হয়
[A] Shari
[B] Iftar
[C] Lunch
[D] Dinner

81. A Prophet is called _____ in Arabic.

একজন নবীকে আরবীতে _____ বলা হয়।

- [A] Nabi
- [B] Rasul
- [C] Wahi
- [D] None of the above

82. Which gates are opened during the month of Ramadan?

রমজান মাসে কোন্ দরজাগুলো খোলা হয়?

- [A] Gates of Hell
- [B] Gates of Heaven
- [C] Gates of Light
- [D] Gates of Mosque

83. What Muslims must perform before offering salah (prayers)?

সালাত (নামায) পড়ার আগে মুসলমানদের কি করতে হয়?

- [A] Wearing of skull-cap
- [B] Wearing of perfume
- [C] Wudu (ablution)
- [D] Clipping of nails

84. Allah (s.w.t.) has _____.

আল্লাহ (সুবহানাছ ওয়া তায়ালা)-এর _____ আছে।

- [A] a son
- [B] a partner
- [C] no partner
- [D] a daughter

85. What did the Prophet Muhammad (SAW) mention about the status of a Mother?

নবী মুহাম্মদ (সা.) মায়েদের মর্যাদা সম্পর্কে কী উল্লেখ করেছেন?

- [A] Mothers are not important at all
- [B] Paradise is beneath the feet of a mother
- [C] Mothers are bad women
- [D] None of the above

86. The Islamic Calendar is based on the _____.

ইসলামিক ক্যালেন্ডার _____-এর উপর ভিত্তি করে।

- [A] planets
- [B] solar
- [C] moon
- [D] sun

87. When will the Day of Judgement occur?

বিচার দিবস কখন ঘটবে?

- [A] Year 7000
- [B] Year 2050
- [C] Year 2060
- [D] Only Allah knows

88. What is dry ablution called?

শুকনো ওয়ুকে কি বলে?

- [A] Wudhu
- [B] Tayammum
- [C] Ghusl
- [D] None of the above

89. What is one unit of prayer called?

নামাযের একককে কী বলা হয়?

- [A] Fard
- [B] Rakah
- [C] Juz'
- [D] Sunnah

90. What is the name of the cloth worn by men for Hajj and Umrah?

হজ ও ওমরার জন্য পুরুষদের পরিধান করা কাপড়ের নাম কী?

- [A] Haram
- [B] Ihram
- [C] Qamis
- [D] Izaar

91. Choose the correct alternative :

- [A] Oats is a healthier alternative
- [B] Oats is a healthier alternatives
- [C] Oats is healthier alternatives
- [D] Oats are healthier alternatives

92. Fill in the blank with the **correct** alternative.

The ____ young neighbour greeted my parents.

- [A] amicable
- [B] amiable
- [C] inimical
- [D] enviable

93. Identify the antonym of the word 'GARRULOUS'.

- [A] Innocuous
- [B] Loquacious
- [C] Jabbering
- [D] Reticent

94. Choose the noun form of the word 'GLORIOUS'.

- [A] Glory
- [B] Glorify
- [C] Glorified
- [D] Glorifying

95. Fill in the blank with the **correct** alternative.

The boys failed to achieve a ____ victory in the match.

- [A] decided
- [B] decisive
- [C] deceived
- [D] divisive

96. Which State is called the 'Rice Bowl of India'?

কোন রাজ্যকে 'ভারতের চালের বাটি' বলা হয়?

- [A] Kerala
- [B] Karnataka
- [C] Andhra Pradesh
- [D] Tamil Nadu

97. When was the Battle of Haldighati fought?

হলদিঘাটের যুদ্ধ কবে হয়েছিল?

- [A] 1550
- [B] 1576
- [C] 1650
- [D] 1701

98. Which among the following is the first national park in India?

নিচের কোনটি ভারতের প্রথম জাতীয় উদ্যান?

- [A] Dachigam National Park
- [B] Rohila National Park
- [C] Pench National Park
- [D] Jim Corbett National Park

99. Which of the following is the highest award for literature in West Bengal?

নিচের কোনটি পশ্চিমবঙ্গের সাহিত্যের সর্বোচ্চ পুরস্কার?

- [A] Rabindra Puraskar
- [B] Nazrul Puraskar
- [C] Bankim Puraskar
- [D] Ananda Puraskar

100. Who was the first Chief Justice of the Calcutta High Court?

কলকাতা হাইকোর্টের প্রথম প্রধান বিচারপতি কে ছিলেন?

- [A] Phani Bhushan Chakravartti
- [B] William Hunter
- [C] Barnes Peacock
- [D] Romesh Chandra Mitra

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK